

Year 3 - Glossary up to the finals

Academic Year 2018/19

Week 10		
English	1. v. start	Begin from a particular point in time.
	เริ่มต้น	We are waiting to start the race.
	2. v. finish	Bring a task or activity to an end.
	เสร็จสิ้น	I'm waiting for you to finish talking.
	3. v. laugh	Make sounds and movements of the face to show amusement.
	หัวเราะ	I laugh when I hear a funny joke.
Maths	1. n. hour	A period of time equal to a twenty-fourth part of a day and night.
	ชั่วโมง	There are 60 minutes in an hour.
	2. n. minute	A period of time equal to sixty seconds or a sixtieth of an hour.
	นาที	Can you sit still for a minute?
	3. n. time	The continued progress of existence and events in the past, present, and future.
	เวลา	What time does the class start?
Science	1. n. light	The natural agent that stimulates sight and makes things visible.
	แสงสว่าง	The sun gives us light.
	2. n. growth	The process of growing.
	การเจริญเติบโต	Sunlight helps the growth of trees.

	3. v. reflect	Throw back heat, light, or sound without absorbing it.
	สะท้อน	Mirrors reflect light

Week 10		
Social Studies	1. n. dam	A barrier constructed to hold back water and form a reservoir.
	เขื่อน	There are dams in Thailand.
	2. n. craft	An activity involving skill in making things by hand.
	งานฝีมือ	It's fun to make crafts.
	3. n. source	A place, person, or thing from which something originates or can be obtained.
	ต้นกำเนิด, แหล่งกำเนิด	A river is a source of water.
Health Education	1. v. try	Make an attempt or effort to do something.
	ลอง, พยายาม	It's good to try new things.
	2. v. determine	Cause something to occur in a particular way or to have a particular nature.
	กำหนด	Your actions will determine your future.
	3. n. any place	No particular position, point, or area in space; any location.
	ทุกๆที่, ที่ใดก็ตาม	Accidents can happen in any place.
Reading Week 10: Health Education		

Accidents can happen at any time and in any place. These are some accidents.
When we go up and down the stairs. When we run around a blind corner.

Week 11

English	1. adj. heavy	Of great weight; difficult to lift or move.
	หนัก	Elephants are heavy.
	2. adj. light	Not of great weight; easy to lift or move.
	เบา	Feathers are light.
	3. adj. soft	Easy to mould, cut, compress, or fold; not hard or firm to the touch.
	อ่อนนุ่ม	Pillows are soft.
Maths	1. n. duration	The time during which something continues.
	ช่วงเวลา, ระยะเวลา	We can do maths to find the duration of events.
	2. n. travel	Make a journey, typically of some length.
	การเดินทาง	Travel broadens the mind.
	3. v .sew	Join, fasten, or repair something by making stitches with a needle and thread.
	เย็บ (เสื้อผ้า)	Real men can sew.

Science	1. n. heat	The quality of being hot; high temperature.
	ความร้อน	Fire gives off heat.
	2. n. warm	Of or at a fairly or comfortably high temperature.
	อบอุ่น	The sun keeps us warm.
	3. n. temperature	The degree or intensity of heat present in a substance or object.
	อุณหภูมิ	We can measure temperature with a thermometer.

Week 11		
Social Studies	1. n. map	A diagrammatic representation of an area of land or sea.
	แผนที่	She used a map to find her way to Sukothai.
	2. n. photograph	A picture made using a camera.
	ภาพถ่าย	Hold the camera still when taking a photograph.
	3. n. surface	The outside part or uppermost layer of something.
	พื้นผิว	Maps can show the surface of the Earth.
Health Education	1. n. accident	An unfortunate incident that happens unexpectedly and unintentionally.
	อุบัติเหตุ	I dropped the glass of water by accident.
	2. n. any time	No particular time.
	ทุกๆเวลา, เวลาใดก็ตาม	Accidents can happen at any time.
	3. n. any place	No particular position, point, or area in space; any location.
	ทุกๆที่, ที่ใดก็ตาม	Accidents can happen at any place.

Reading Week 11: English

English Class Book 3B Pg108

The Ancient Egyptians used papyrus to make kind of paper. It was difficult to make but it was soft and light and easy to write on.

Week 12

English	1. n. backpack	A rucksack. A piece of equipment carried on a person's back.
	กระเป๋าเป้สะพายหลัง	We can take a backpack to school.
	2. n. apron	A protective garment worn over the front of one's clothes and tied at the back.
	ผ้ากันเปื้อน	Butchers wear aprons.
	3. n. lunch box	A container in which to carry a packed meal.
	กล่องอาหารกลางวัน	I have a sandwich in my lunch box.
Maths	1. n. angle	The space usually measured in degrees between two intersecting lines.
	มุม, แล้วยม (เรขาคณิต)	You can measure an angle with a protractor.
	2. adj. acute	An angle of less than 90°.
	มุมแหลม (เรขาคณิต)	We normally cut the cheese at an acute angle.
	3. adj. obtuse	An angle of more than 90°.
	มุมกว้าง	A regular pentagon has five obtuse angles.

	(เรขาคณิต)	
Science	1. n. electricity	A form of energy resulting from the existence of charged particles.
	ไฟฟ้า	Solar panels make electricity.
	2. n. battery	A container in which chemical energy is converted into electricity and used as a source of power.
	แหล่งกำเนิดไฟฟ้า (แบตเตอรี่)	Your TV remote needs batteries.
	3. n. steam	The vapor into which water is converted when heated.
	ไอน้ำ	We can use steam to make electricity.

Week 12

Social Studies	1. n. political map	A map relating to the government of a country.
	แผนที่รัฐกิจ (แผนที่แสดงอาณาเขตการปกครอง)	Countries are shown on a political map.
	2. n. population map	A map showing all the inhabitants of a particular place.
	แผนที่ประชากร (แผนที่แสดงจำนวนประชากรในแต่ละพื้นที่)	We can look at a population map of the world.
	3. n. direction	A course along which someone or something moves.
	เส้นทาง	We can check our directions on a map.
Health Education	1. n. prevention	The action of stopping something from happening.
	การป้องกัน	Prevention is better than cure.
	2. adj. aware	Having knowledge or perception of a situation or fact.

	ตระหนักรู้	Try to be aware of your surroundings.
	3. n. precaution	A measure taken in advance to prevent something from happening.
	ความไม่ประมาท, การระมัดระวังไว้ก่อน	If we took precautions we would have fewer accidents.

Reading Week 12: Maths	
Maths Book 3B Pg126	
Draw a shape that has 2 obtuse angles. Draw a shape with 4 sides that has 2 right angles.	

Week 13		
English	1. n. rope	A length of thick strong cord made by twisting together strands of material.
	เชือกเกลียว	You can pull on a rope.
	2. n. torch	A portable battery-powered electric lamp.
	รถจักรยานยนต์	We can use a torch to see in the dark.
	3. n. matches	A short, thin piece of wood or cardboard used to light a fire.
	ไม้ขีดไฟ	Children shouldn't play with matches.
Maths	1. n. line	A straight or curved continuous extent of length without breadth.
	เส้น	You can draw a line with a ruler.
	2. adj. parallel	Lines side by side and having the same distance continuously between them.

	ขนาน	Can you draw two parallel lines?
	3. adj. perpendicular	At an angle of 90° to a given line.
	ตั้งฉาก	This wall should be perpendicular to the floor.
Science	1. n. sound	Vibrations that travel through the air and can be heard.
	เสียง	Can you hear that sound?
	2. v. vibrate	Move continuously and rapidly to and fro.
	สั่น, ก้องกังวาน (เสียง)	Our voice box vibrates when we speak.
	3. n. pitch	The quality of a sound governed by the rate of vibrations producing it.
	ระดับ (เสียง)	Whistles are high pitched.

Week 13		
Social Studies	1. n. symbol	A mark used as a representation of an object, function, or process.
	สัญลักษณ์	A red cross is a symbol for hospitals.
	2. adj. aerial	Existing, happening, or operating in the air.
	ซึ่งเกี่ยวข้องกับอากาศ	Aeroplanes can take aerial photographs.
	3. n. geography	The study of the physical features of the earth.
	ภูมิศาสตร์	We can learn some geography from maps.
Health Education	1. adj. careful	Making sure of avoiding potential danger, mishap, or harm; cautious.
	ระมัดระวัง	Be careful when crossing roads.
	2. adj. indoors	Into or within a building.

	ภายในอาคาร	Most people stay indoors when it rains.
	3. adj. outdoors	In or into the open air; outside a building or shelter
	ภายนอกอาคาร	We should play outdoors more.

Reading Week 13: Science

Science Book 3B Pg92

When an object vibrates, it makes the air around it vibrate. These vibrations produce sounds. We heard sounds when the vibrations reach our ears.

Week 14		
English	1. n. towel	A piece of thick absorbent cloth used for drying oneself or wiping things dry.
	ผ้าเช็ดตัว	Don't forget your towel when you go swimming.
	2. n. soap	A substance used with water for washing and cleaning.
	สบู่	Bar soap is better than liquid soap.
	3. n. suitcase	A case with a handle and a hinged lid, used for carrying clothes.
	กระเป๋าเดินทาง	We can take a suitcase on holiday.
Maths	1. n. area	The extent or measurement of a surface.
	บริเวณ, พื้นที่	You need a large open area to play football.
	2. n. perimeter	The continuous line forming the boundary of a closed geometrical figure.
	เส้นรอบรูป (เรขาคณิต)	Use a ruler to measure the perimeter.
	3. n. square	A plane figure with four equal straight sides and four right angles.
	สี่เหลี่ยมจัตุรัส (เรขาคณิต)	A cube is made up of six squares.
Science	1. n. rock	The solid mineral material forming part of the surface of the earth.
	หิน	Rocks are really interesting.
	2. n. texture	The feel, appearance, or consistency of a surface.
	พื้นผิว	The texture of the rock was very smooth.
	3. n. pattern	An arrangement or design regularly found in comparable objects.
	รูปแบบ, แบบอย่าง	The rock had a pattern of lines on it.

Week 14

Social Studies	1. n. topography	The arrangement of the natural and artificial physical features of an area.
	ภูมิประเทศ	Bangkok's topography is very flat.
	2. n. Planet Earth	The planet on which humans live.
	ดาวเคราะห์โลก	Planet Earth is the third planet from the sun.
	3. n. natural resources	Materials or substances occurring in nature which can be exploited for economic gain.
	ทรัพยากรทางธรรมชาติ	We should conserve natural resources.
Health Education	1. n. hazard	A danger or risk.
	ความอันตราย	We should avoid hazards.
	2. n. fire	A process which typically gives out bright light, heat, and smoke.
	ไฟ	It's nice to sit by a fire.
	3. adj. underneath	Situated directly below something else.
	ซึ่งอยู่ข้างใต้	Stop hiding underneath the table.

Reading Week 14: Social Studies

Social Studies Book Pg90

Natural resources such as forests, rivers, seas, air and land will also have an influence on the community.

Week 15

English	1. adv. tomorrow	On the day after today.
	วันพรุ่งนี้	We will go to the park tomorrow.
	2. adv. tonight	On the present or approaching evening or night.
	คืนนี้	Go to bed early tonight.
	3. adv. next week	The week after this week.
	สัปดาห์หน้า	We will be on holiday next week.
๕ + -	1. n. tile	A plane shape used in tiling.

	แผ่นกระเบื้อง	We can measure the area of a tile.
	2. n. figure	A shape which is defined by one or more lines in two dimensions.
	รูปร่างต่างๆ (คณิตศาสตร์)	We can draw figures, like squares and triangles.
	3. n. unit	An individual thing or person regarded as single and complete.
	จำนวน, หน่วยนับ (คณิตศาสตร์)	We can count units.
Science	1. n. sun	The star round which the earth orbits.
	พระอาทิตย์	The sun gives us light.
	2. n. moon	The natural satellite of the earth, visible at night by reflected light from the sun.
	พระจันทร์	Beware of the full moon.
	3. n. compass	A device showing true north.
	เข็มทิศ	You can use a compass when exploring in the jungle.

Week 15		
Social Studies	1. n. community	A group of people living in the same place.
	สังคม, ชุมชน	Bangkok has lots of different communities.
	2. n. landscape	All the visible features of an area of land.
	ภูมิประเทศ	Some landscapes are beautiful.
	3. n. plateau	An area of fairly level high ground.
	ที่ราบสูง	Sheep and cows like living on plateaus.

Health Education	1. v. help	Make it easier or possible for someone to do something.
	ช่วยเหลือ	We should help when and where we can.
	2. v. prevent	Keep something from happening.
	ป้องกัน	Being careful prevents accidents.
	3. adj. slippery	Difficult to hold firmly or stand on because it is smooth, wet, or slimy.
	ลื่น	Eels are slippery.

Reading Week 15: Health Education

Health Education Book 3B Pg74

The best prevention from accidents is to be aware of danger and to do activities with care. We must take precautions to prevent falls.